Autor:

## Posudek bakalářské/magisterské diplomové práce

Hodnotící kritéria:	Známka:
Stanovení cílů práce a jejich dosažení	В
The goal of the thesis is to investigate how definite p Chinese and Czech in oral discourse, in comparsion w annotated data do reveal a certain pattern/tendenc though the size of the corpus (annotated data) is very r and the annotated data can be very valuable for other	with English, and I think the care by (though not unexpected). E modest, it is sufficient for this the
Struktura, metodologie, argumentace a interpretace	В
When determining the translation equivalents for the	Fnalish the phrases in Chinese
the many translation options (translator bias), and in s might be the only option. This contrast is not taken in	
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example project of this size.	e phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) i
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example.	e phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) i
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example project of this size.	e phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) is, which might not be feasible
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example project of this size.  Jazyk, stylistika  There is certainly room for improvement for the wri	e phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) is, which might not be feasible
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example project of this size.  Jazyk, stylistika  There is certainly room for improvement for the wri repetitive and too wordy)  Odborná literatura, bibliografický aparát	e phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) s, which might not be feasible  C  ting (e.g., some parts seem
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical example project of this size.  Jazyk, stylistika  There is certainly room for improvement for the wri repetitive and too wordy)	c phrases are used in Chinese where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers) is, which might not be feasible.  C  ting (e.g., some parts seem a
revealing regarding how bare nouns or demonstrative in Czech. It would be interesting to zoom into cases woption, but this would mean adding an elicitation com the project in order to collect ungrammatical examples project of this size.  Jazyk, stylistika  There is certainly room for improvement for the wri repetitive and too wordy)  Odborná literatura, bibliografický aparát	e phrases are used in Chines where the choicen taken is the ponent (with native speakers s, which might not be feasible C  ting (e.g., some parts seen

Témata	a pro obhajobu a doplňující otázky (Topics for defense and supplementary questions):
•	Are there any significant differences between written discourse and spoken discourse if you compare your BA and MA thesis?
Datum	obhajoby: 31 May 2021
Podpis	